



12.8V 560Ah

LOW-TEMP

PRODUCT (250A BMS)

MANUAL

Lithium Iron Phosphate Battery (LiFePO₄)

www.litime.com



PRODUCT OVERVIEW

12.8V 560AH BATTERY

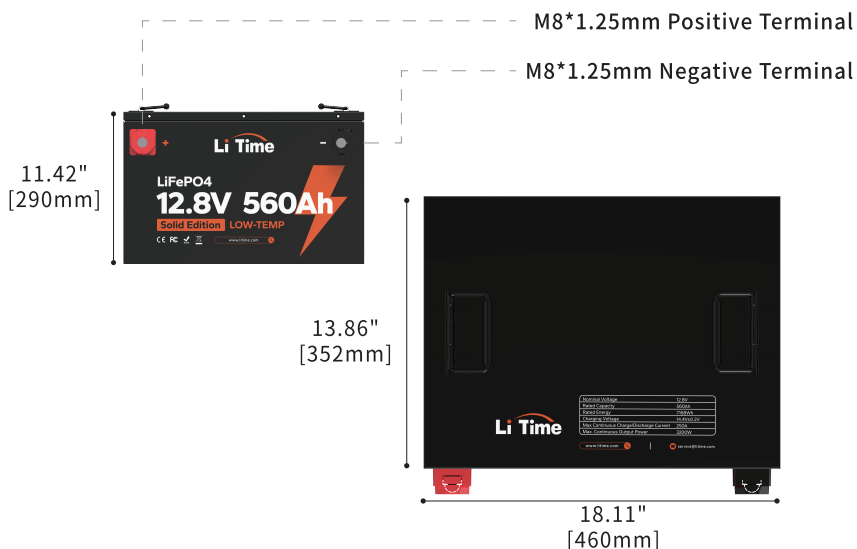
Operating Voltage: 12.8V

Charging Voltage: $14.4 \pm 0.2V$

Recommend Charge Current: 112A (0.2C)

Max Continuous Discharge Current: 250A

Max. Continuous Output Power: 3200W

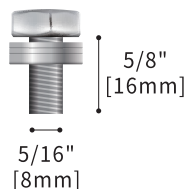


ADDITIONAL COMPONENTS

M8- 5/8" [16MM] TERMINAL BOLTS

Recommended terminal torque: 106.2 to 123.9 inch · lbs / 12 to 14 N · m.

The terminal bolts are used to secure multiple cable lugs to a single battery terminal. The bolts can be replaced with **M8** bolts of other lengths based on actual needs.



INSULATING CAPS FOR BOLTS

Cover the battery with the insulating caps after tightening the bolts. If the cap melts, stop using the battery and reach out to service@litime.com for further analysis.

BATTERY PARAMETERS

Cell Type	LiFePO ₄
Nominal Voltage	12.8V
Rated Capacity	560Ah
Energy	7168Wh
Internal Impedance	≤40mΩ
Cycle Life	≥4000 times
Battery Management System (BMS) Board	250A
Charge Method	CC/CV
Charge Voltage	14.4V±0.2V
Recommend Charge Current	112A (0.2C)
Max. Continuous Charge Current	250A
Max. Continuous Discharge Current	250A
Surge Discharge Current	1000A@1 Second
Max. Continuous Output Power	3200W

Dimension	L18.11*W13.86*H11.42 inch
	L460*W352*H290 mm
Housing Material	SPCC (Steel Plate Cold Common)
Recommended Terminal Torque	106.2 to 123.9 inch.lbs / 12 to 14 N · m
Temperature Range	Charge: 0°C to 50°C / 32°F to 122°F
	Discharge: -20°C to 60°C / -4°F to 140°F
	Storage: -10°C to 50°C / 14°F to 122°F
Low Temperature Charging Protection (LTCP) Function ^①	Yes
Resume Charging Temperature Under LTCP	5°C/41°F (Battery Temperature)

① This product supports Low Temperature Charging Protection (LTCP), where the BMS stops battery charging when the battery temperature falls below 0°C/32°F and resumes charging when the temperature rises above 5°C/41°F.

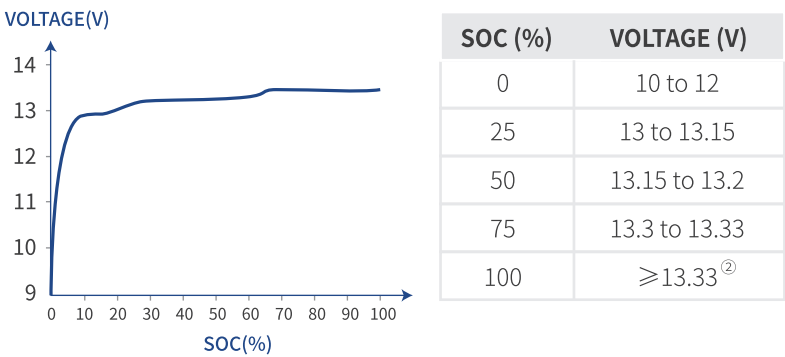
HOW TO ESTIMATE THE BATTERY CAPACITY

STATE OF CHARGE (SOC)

The battery capacity could be roughly estimated by its resting voltage (not charging/discharging voltage).^①

Since the voltage of each battery is slightly different, and the voltage measurement is affected by the measuring instrument, ambient temperature, etc., the following parameters are for reference only. The actual SOC of the battery is based on the discharge capacity under load.

Resting Voltage:The voltage is measured after the battery has been disconnected from the charger and loads with zero current, and left alone for 3 hours.



① Based on the characteristics of LiFePO₄ batteries, the voltage measured by all LiFePO₄ batteries during charging/discharging is not the real voltage of the battery. Therefore, after charging/discharging and disconnecting the battery from the power source, the voltage of the battery will gradually drop/increase to its real voltage.

② After this battery is protected from overcharge, the tested battery voltage (not the real voltage) will be lower than the real voltage. To calculate the SOC (%), add 0.5V to 0.7V to the tested battery voltage.

SERIES / PARALLEL CONNECTION

THE PREMISE OF CONNECTION

To connect in series or /and parallel, batteries should meet the below conditions:

- a. identical batteries with the same battery capacity (Ah) and BMS (A);
- b. from the same brand (as lithium battery from different brands has their special BMS);
- c. purchased in near time (within one month).

LIMITATION FOR SERIES/PARALLEL CONNECTION

Support connecting up to 16 identical batteries for up to:

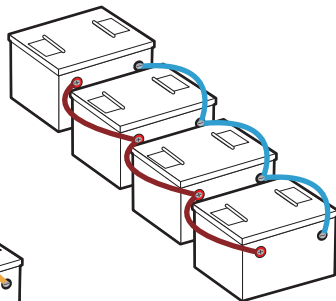
4 in series as 48V (51.2V) battery system/

4 in parallel as 2,240Ah battery system.

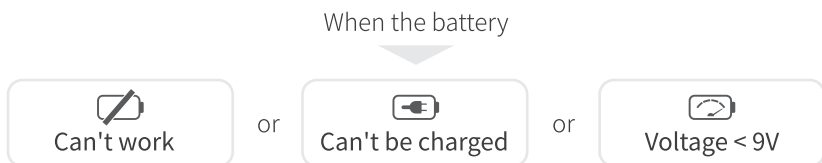
Series Connection
48V(51.2V) 560Ah



Parallel Connection
12V(12.8V) 2240Ah



WHAT TO DO WHEN THE BATTERY STOPS WORKING?



It has 85% chances that BMS has shut it off for protection, and you could try one of below ways to activate the battery.

GENERAL STEPS

If the BMS has cut off the battery for protection, follow the below steps to activate it.

Step
1

Cut off all the connections from the battery

Step
2

Leave the battery aside for 30mins

Then the battery will automatically recover itself to normal voltage ($>10V$) and can be used after fully charged.

If the battery is unable to recover itself after the above steps, please try activating by **ONE OF BELOW TWO METHODS.**

After being activated (voltage $> 10V$) and fully charged by the normal charging method, it can be used normally.

Method ①

Use a charger with lithium battery activation function to fully charge the battery.

Method ②

Connect a controller that supports 12V LiFePO₄ battery charging to charge the battery for 3~10s in sunny daytime.



Shenzhen Litime Technology Co., Ltd